## Operating Instructions <br> Power Factor Control Relay CXPLUS - Expert's Instruction Manual



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## 1.0 - Connection

1.1 Installation must only be carried out by suitably qualified personnel. All local safety regulations must of course be followed including IEE wiring regulations $17^{\text {th }}$ edition if installation is in the UK

The power supply to the relay is taken from the phase - phase 50 or 60 hz voltage and connected via a fuse 6A max to Um1 and Um2. The relay power supply power convertor is switched mode so that the CXPLUS accepts any voltage across Um1-Um2 in the range $90-550 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Voltage Transformers for different supply voltages are a thing of the past. Check that the supply voltage is within the limits of the relay rated voltage., and the CT has 1 A or 5A output., at full load.

## 1.2-Current Transformer

The current supply to the relay is taken from a current transformer, which can be split core or ring type Class 1., with 5VA rating. The current transformer (CT) must be kept short circuited until connections have been securely applied to terminals K-L. The CT is normally mounted on a different phase to L2-L3 for the voltage supply. Other connections are possible - see phase offset menu 206. It is essential to ensure:
a) That the CT is measuring the total load of the feeder to be corrected - including the PFC capacitor current
b) The ratio of the CT is such that full load current is about $75 \%$ of the CT ratio. e.g. .for a Max load of 500 amps , select a CT ratio of $800 / 5$ - not $5000 / 5$. This is because at the lower current ranges C T's are less accurate.
c) Do not use a CT with too low a ratio for the measured load. e.g. If the load is 750 Amps, and you use a 500/5 CT ., the CT will then be saturated and will give inaccurate results.

When mounting the CT, 'P' should be pointing in the direction of the incoming supply and ' L ' towards the load. S1 on the CT Should be connected to ' K ' on the relay and S2 to ' $L$ ' on the relay. The output from the CT can be 1A or 5A. The Max ratio of the CT must be such that the smallest step of switched capacitance will produce a current of not less than 15 mA . Reactive - preferably 20 mA .

Example : The smallest step size is 25 kvar., at $415 v 3 p h 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$. What is the highest CT ratio permissible?.
25 kvar at $415 \mathrm{v}=34.7$ amps. Capacitor will switch at $60 \%$ of nominal kvar $=20.8 \mathrm{amps}$. Minimum current $=20 \mathrm{~mA}$ reactive ., so Max CT ratio $=20.8 / .02=1040 / 1$ or $5200 / 5$ for a 25 kvar capacitor operating at $415 \mathrm{v} / 3 \mathrm{ph} / 50 \mathrm{hz}$. A $5000 / 5$ would normally be selected as a max ratio
1.3 Connect the earth tag link on the instrument case to earth
1.4 Connect in accordance with the wiring diagram.

### 1.5 Remove any short circuit links from the CT and relay

### 1.6 Wiring diagram:

This dwg shows contactor coil switching phase - neutral but if phase-phase voltage contactor coils ( 415 v in the uk ) are used and no neutral is brought into the cubicle, the common side of the coils can be to one of the phases as long the common phase as not the same phase as Um2


## 2.0- Energising the relay

2.1 The lockout time of 90 seconds will start counting down, after energising the CXPLUS . This to ensure that capacitors are not switched in immediately after an emergency generator start up - for example. To defeat lockout time press enter., and you will now scroll through values pressing $\boldsymbol{\nabla} \mathbf{\Delta}$ to navigate the measured values. When you press you will start up the $\mathrm{Ai}=$ automatic initialisation - see 3.6.
You can also defeat lockout time by pressing escape 4. If you do this Ai will not be started automatically. We recommend that you do not use Ai.

## 2.2 - Measured Values in the Display

The three larger digits at the top show system power factor.-
e.g. $0.91 \mathrm{i}=$ lagging p.f. $0.91 ., 0.98 \mathrm{c}=$ leading p.f 0.98

The scrolled values $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ have the following meanings. These are the readings the customer can readily access. Note that if the CT ratio is left at the factory default of 1 ., then the values marked ${ }^{* *}$ will not be displayed.

| U | phase - phase voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
| U | phase - neutral voltage |
| I** | phase Amps on phase CT is connected |
| $\mathrm{P}^{* *}$ | 3 phase kW assuming balanced load |
| Q** | 3 phase kvar total assuming balanced load |
| $\Delta Q^{* *}$ | 3 phase kvar assuming balanced load required to reach target Cosphi |
| $\mathrm{S}^{* *}$ | 3 phase KVA assuming balanced load |
| THD U | Total Harmonic voltage distortion of Um1 - Um2 <br> ( if this figure is above $5 \%$ check the current taken by the capacitors since high THDU can result in harmonic overload of the capacitor steps. Harmonic Blocking reactors must then be fitted to limit harmonic overload current) |
| 3-5-9-7-9-11-13-15-17-19 | $3^{\text {rd }}-19^{\text {th }}$ harmonic voltages as \% of fundamental |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 .- \text { i } \\ & \cos \end{aligned}$ | Top figure = Fundamental 50 hz Cosphi <br> Bottom Figure : Cosphi to 3 decimal places as required in some countries |
| PF | True rms power factor including all harmonic currents and voltages |
| APF | Average true rms power factor ( $\mathrm{kW} / \mathrm{kVA}$ ) since relay commissioned |
| F | Supply frequency |
| t LO | Over Temperature Alarm not activated |
| thi 0 | Over temp alarm not activated |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { OPh } \\ & \text { tAn } \end{aligned}$ | Counter for number of hours relay has been in service Tangent of phase angle phi |

### 2.3 THE INFO MENU

This menu tells us the following data on each step:

- Number of times each step contactor has switched.
- Current value in kvar of each step ., compared with initial value when first powered up. This kvar value will only be displayed if the CT ratio has been entered - see menu 100
- Whether this step is AUTO - FOFF ( permanently off) - FON - (permanetly on) -AL (ventilator alarm switch contact)

Remember: Step sizes are only shown in kvar when the correct CT ratio has been set in the 100 Menu ( see below)


### 3.0THE 100 QUICK START MENU

3.1 The 100 Menu allows you to set the CT ratio- voltage measurement values, target power factor setting., and switching time per step. This is the menu the Commissioning Engineer can use on site.
Values of $\mathrm{kW} / \mathrm{kVA} / \mathrm{kvar}$ will not be correct unless the correct setting is made for voltage and current.
In order to make these settings we have to go into the commissioning menu 100.
3.2 How to get into menu 100:
press 4 repeatedly to get back to the value $0 . \ldots$.i
Now press $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ and you see 'INFO' in the top right corner
Press $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ again and you see 'MANUAL'
Press $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ again and you see 'SETUP'
Press - and release .'100' shows in the display
Press again - you are now in the commissioning menu 100. The 100 menu allows you to make the essential settings are marked in bold 3.3-3.10

### 3.3 Un - Voltage Setting

The first value you see is the Un - which you may think is phase Volts Phase - Neutral . It is not ! It is the phase - phase voltage
The default setting for UK customers is 415 v ., but if you need to change this press and the first digit starts flashing - using $\boldsymbol{\Delta} \boldsymbol{V}$ adjust as needed and key $\boldsymbol{t}$ to adjust the second figure and so on. Press - to confirm and the digits stop flashing.
If the relay is working at 11 kV via a voltage transformer, then set 11.0 and by using $\boldsymbol{\Delta} \boldsymbol{\nabla}$ keys select kV ., then ., to get 11.0 kV in the display

## $\nabla$

## 3.4-C.T Setting

To set the CT ratio key $>$ and the first digit starts flashing.
Assume the CT ratio is 1000/5., which is 200/1. Always set the CT ratio as a multiplication factor to 1 so for the CT ratio 1000/5 we set Ct to 200. The same sequence with $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ and is used for all the other settings.
If you set the $\mathrm{Ct}=1$., then you will not get any readout values for KW-KVA-KVAR -I
V

### 3.5 Pt - Voltage Transformer ratio setting .

This is only used when the relay is used on MV/HV systems. The default setting is 1. , but if the relay is working on an 11kv system with 110 v voltage input ., the setting for Pt is 100 , for example.
$\nabla$

### 3.6 Ai - Automatic step start up switching to record kvar per step in the memory

 This is a 'YES' 'NO' setting for automatic initialisation. If set to 'YES' - when the relay is first commissioned it will switch each step one by one. If there is a wiring error of incorrect CT polarity the CXPLUS will only in the Ai mode, correct this error internally. Ai will only start switching after pressing enter and the discharge time has expired ( 401 - default 75 secs).If you have 4 steps on a 6 step relay then the last 2 steps will come up as FOFF and will remain out of service.If set Ai is set to 'NO' then no automatic switching on initial energising will take place, and the steps will be switched in for the first time when they are required. Each time they switch in their kvar value is recorded in the relay memory.
Power factor control is then achieved by the best fit principle - automatically selecting the most suitable kvar size to fulfill $\Delta \mathrm{Q}$ (kvar needed to reach target p.f.) .

### 3.7 PFC - Step switching Control

This control allows you to decide how you want the steps to be switched The possible selections are :
ON - Normal switching of steps on/off as the reactive demand changes. This is the same as normal AUTO control
OFF - Reactive control de-activated and all steps in circuit will be switched off HOLD - The steps switched in will remain on. The reactive control is de-activated The default setting is 'ON'- automatic switching of steps.

### 3.8 CPI - or Target Power factor setting.

Set to the required target PF. Note if you press $\mathbf{\Delta}$ when the CPI is 1 you will go into a leading pf setting. You can target up to 0,70 lead., which is an unlikely setting but when the PFC is on the LV side of a transformer and the customer is paying for energy on the HV side it may be useful to target to about 0.99 lead so as to compensate for transformer reactive current which is creating $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{R}$ losses in the windings on no load..

### 3.9 St- Switching time per step

Adjustable from 1 second -6500 seconds.
If the switch time is set to 1 second per step, for a rapidly changing load, of course it cannot switch back in again after a delay of only 3 seconds, due to the charge held on the capacitor. In this case the relay will wait until the programmed discharge time set in menu 401 . Default setting on menu 401 is 75 secs.

### 3.10 - OUt - Setting of Output for each Step -

This setting allows you to select each step setting either as:
AUTO - normal automatic relay controlled step switching
AL - This step operates the temperature alarm contact. When the temperature is above the target setting - this contact can be used to start up the ventilation fan. See ventilation fan setting 513 in the expert menu.. This is only active if the relay is fitted with the temperature sensor option..
FOFF - This step is permanently off (Fixed off)
FON - this step is permanently on (Fixed on)
Default setting is AUTO

## 4.0 - Manual Switching

4.1 Sometimes there is no load on the system when the relay is commissioned. In order to test everything is working correctly, the best way is to switch steps in manually until a leading power factor is achieved, and then to return the relay to automatic mode to make sure the relay switches out to reach the target power factor. Press 4 repeatedly to get back to Cosphi -i in the display
$\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ - INFO
V-MANUAL
Now enter MANUAL mode - by holding down the $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ key for 3 secs, Scroll up $\boldsymbol{\wedge}$ and the figure 1 is in the display. This is step 1 - to switch step 1 on key . Now move through the steps using $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ to get to the next step and to switch it on. Under low loads on the system this will create a leading power factor.To switch back to Automatic control, so as to check the relay is working correctly, press $\boldsymbol{4}$ repeatedly until MANUAL-INFO-SETUP disappear from the right hand side of the display, so the relay is now in its normal automatic switching function, and if the Cos phi is leading it should switch steps out to achieve the target Cosphi ( as set in 3.8)

### 5.0 The Professional or Expert Menus 200-300-400-500-600

These professional menus enable the qualified user to set the relay in any particular way needed. Because the settings can affect the satisfactory operation of the relay they must only be changed by professionally knowledgeable personnel.
5.1 To enter these professional menus :

Press $<$ repeatedly until you get to the Cosphi....i in the display
Now press $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ - INFO in top right hand corner
Press $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ again to -MANUAL - $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ again to SETUP
Enter and now you are in the 100 quick start menu. The get into the professional menu press $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ and you see PiN - enter the digits 242.
Now you are in the expert menu and can scroll through 200-600. Press the enter key to go into of these menus

### 6.0 MENU 200 - MEASUREMENT SETTINGS

To set the values once you have 200 in the display press
6.1 - 201 - set the nominal phase - phase voltage because this is used to calculate $\mathrm{kW} / \mathrm{kVA} / \mathrm{kvar}$.Default setting is 415 v for the UK. This is in fact already done if you have set it in the 100 menu
6.2 202 - set the CT ratio. See notes in the $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ m e n u}$. This has probably already been done in the 100 menu
$6.3 \mathbf{2 0 3}$ - set the VT ratio. See notes in the $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{~ m e n u}$. This has probably already been done in the 100 menu
6.4 204-set the tolerance of nominal voltage setting. This is a very important setting. The default setting is $+-10 \%$. If the voltage falls outside the pre-set tolerance, the capacitors will be switched out. Low voltages can cause contactors not to close properly, and consequently over heat and fail. High voltages will overload the capacitors and other equipment
6.5 205-Select the voltage used on the measurement circuit. YES = L-L volts (default setting). $\mathrm{NO}=\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{N}$ voltage measurement. Provided the measured voltage is within the specified tolerance levels no setting is necessary since the relay will recognise which voltage is being used.

### 6.6 206 - Select the phase angle

The table below gives the settings between measured resistive current and voltage. The common settings for Iv systems are :

| Voltage | L1-N | L2-N | L3-N | L1-N | L2-N | L3-N | L1-N | L2-N | L3-N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C.T in phase | L1 | L2 | L3 | L2 | L3 | L1 | L3 | L1 | L2 |
| Correction angle- <br> degrees | 0 | 0 | 0 | 240 | 240 | 240 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| Voltage | L2-L3 | L3-L1 | L1-L2 | L2-L3 | L3-L1 | L1-L2 | L2-L3 | L3-L1 | L1-L2 |
| C.T in phase | L1 | L2 | L3 | L2 | L3 | L1 | L3 | L1 | L2 |
| Correction angle- <br> degrees | 90 | 90 | 90 | 330 | 330 | 330 | 210 | 210 | 210 |

Note that all relays are defaulted in menu 206 as follows :
When the relay recognises that the Um1-Um2 voltage is the same as Un - the default is 90
When the relay recognises that the Um1-Um2 voltage phase-neutral voltage - the default is 0

## $6.7 \mathbf{2 0 7}$ - Start Automatic Initialisation

YES - Automatic switching of the steps will take place on first energising of the relay, and kvar values per step will be recorded in the memory
NO - No steps will be automatically switched in.
If YES is selected, switching will start and the display will return to NO. Ai is full y described in the 100 set up menu.

## 6.8 $\mathbf{2 0 8}$ Activate Automatic Initialisation on relay start up

Select YES or NO. Present default setting is YES. Each time the relay is connected to the supply - e.g. after a power failure the CXPLUS will step in each step consecutively. It will correct any wrong connection of the CT and rectify it. This default setting (on 601 ) will be changed to NO on relays supplied after approx Feb. 2011, so please check which default setting you have.

### 6.9209 Setting the Supply Frequency on networks with bad power quality

The selections on this setting are : AUTO-50-60.
If the network quality is good, the highest accuracies will be obtained on the AUTO setting However, if the power quality is very bad with violent voltage fluctuations, sags and surges, transients and/or high harmonic content, the CXPLUS will show incorrect readings in the display for the measured values In this case change over to settings 50 or 60 according to the stated system supply frequency. ( 50 hz or 60 Hz )

### 6.10210 - Temperature Setting adjustment

This setting allows you to adjust the temperature readings obtained from the temp. sensor in the CXPLUS. If you find, for example the temp sensor is reading $2^{\circ}$ too low., then put in an offset on this setting of $+2^{\circ}$

### 7.0 MENU 300 - CONTROL SETTINGS

### 7.1301 - Switching Step Threshold Setting

This determines the \% level of kvar at which the step will switch according to its measured reactive value. Settings can be made in the range $55-100 \%$. If the setting is made to $50 \%$ or less then hunting can take place. The factory setting is $60 \%$, so that in the case of a 100 kvar capacitor, there must be 60 kvar of lag or lead before switching starts.

### 7.2302 - Target Power factor Setting Cosphi

This will probably have already been set in the Start Up Menu under the setting CPI If not, set the target power factor No. 1 which is the main target to be achieved under normal operating conditions. This often means that there will be times when the target will not be achieved and for this reason the default setting for the low pf alarm (515) is NO ALARM
$7.3 \mathbf{3 0 3}$ - Target Power factor Setting Cosphi 2 (For Emergency Generators- etc)
If there is an emergency generator on the system - for example - a second lower
power factor is often desirable since emergency generators can become unstable at
leading power factors. This menu allows you to set a different Cosphi 2 . In order to
activate Cosphi 2 externally - see menu 510

### 7.4304 - Target Power Factor Setting for Export

If the generator is exporting power you have two choices of target power factor:
YES - Cosphi 2 is selected for power export
NO - Cosphi 1 is selected for power export

### 7.5305 - Switching Time per Step

This will probably have been set up in the 100 start up Menu, but if not you can set it or change it here. The following points must be observed when setting the switch time :

1. Too rapid a switch time will result in excessive wear on the contactors
2. The relay is calculating the kvar demand after each switching operation has taken place, and too rapid a switch cycle will result in incorrect evaluations being made., in the recorded kvar per step.

### 7.6306 - Step Switching Swap Over time

This is the time taken to switch over from an active step to a new step that has been selected - see menu 307. The default setting setting is 2 seconds.

### 7.7307 - Activation of Step Swap Over

This function is useful if there are large steps mixed in with small steps on the installation. 'YES' - causes the relay - for example - switch out $2 x 25 \mathrm{kvar}$ and switch in $1 \times 50$ kvar. 'NO' de-activates this function. Menu 307 has no purpose if all steps are the same value
7.8308 - Stop Automatic Capacitor Size Detection.

YES - The kvar outputs of each step must be manually entered. Automatic step kvar value is de-activated. This is used when :
a) The relay is working on a very rapidly changing load - for example with cranes or elevators - so that the relay does not have time to recognise the effective kvar value of each step, then 'YES' should be selected., and the kvar value of each step entered manually.
b) If faulty step recognition is not required.
c) If the switching time of the capacitor step circuit breaker has a time delay of more than200mSecs.( this can occur on MV/HV capacitor banks)
If YES is selected then set the values per step manually - see 402
'NO' - Step kvar recognition is functioning automatically each time switching takes place. This is the preferred setting since he relay will report an failures. Note that on 'MANUAL' setting there will be no step kvar recognition. Default setting 'NO'

### 7.9309 - Blocking Defective Capacitor Steps

'YES' - Any capacitor steps that are recognised as faulty will be permanently switched off until replaced or repaired.
'NO' - Capacitors reported as faulty will continue to be switched Default setting 'YES'

### 7.10310 - Stop - Start - Hold PF Control

This setting allows you to stop automatic switching, when setting up the relay for example, so that unwanted rapid switching does not take place These are the possible settings :
ON - Relay works normally in Auto
OFF - Regulation will be stopped and all active steps switched out
HOLD -Regulation will be stopped and all active steps will remain switched in.
Default setting ON
This has probably already been set in 3.10

### 7.11311 - Selection of Switching Sequences

1. Automatic - The relay is working on the 'Best Fit' Principle. i.e. The relay is using its intelligence stored in the data bank to select the capacitor step value most suited to the real time kvar requirement
2. LIFO - Last in - First out Switching is made sequentially $1 . \ldots . . .14$ in and 14..... 1 out ( or number of steps available)
3. Kombifilter - The relay works on the Best Fit principle, but this programme has been modified so that it always switches the same or more capacitance on the odd numbered exits to that switched in on the even exits.
4. Progressive - When the relay recognises that the reactive demand is very high it will switch in steps rapidly to reach the required compensation with a minimum delay. Default setting 1

### 7.12312 - Reactive Power Offset

This setting you to add on a value of kvar to the measured value. For example there may be an additional inductive load that is not being measured by the CT. The additional inductive kvar can be programmed to compensate for this amount.
Default setting 0 (kvar)
7.13 313-Asymmetrical switching time delay - possible selections +127 to -127 This setting allows unequal switch times in the inductive and capacitive directions. If the setting is put to +10 for example, the capacitor steps will switch out 10 times faster than they switch in. Default setting 1 (equal time for switch in/out of steps)

### 7.14314 - Switch off Capacitors in Leading Condition

YES - As soon as the reactive load swings into lead all necessary excessive steps will be switched out immediately, disregarding the programmed step switch time.
NO - The relay switches steps out on a leading power factor according to the programmed switching time
Default setting NO

### 8.0 MENU 400 - CAPACITOR DATABASE

### 8.1 401- Discharging Time

The same discharge time is set for all steps. By setting this value ( which must not be less than the stated discharge time given by the capacitor manufacturer) the relay will not re-energise a step that has just been switched out until the programmed discharge time has expired. See comments in 3.9
Default setting : 75 secs

### 8.2402 - Capacitor Size Step value - manual setting. 1....... 14 (Max)

If the automatic step kvar recognition is deactivated (if YES has been selected in 308 ) then the value of each step must be entered manually, for each step.
Scroll through each step using the $\boldsymbol{\Delta} \boldsymbol{\nabla}$ keys., adjust the value and enter
The kvar load values will then be calculated from the settings of Voltage and Current and suitable steps selected.
Default setting : 5var

### 8.3403 - Type of Step Exit 1. 14 (Max)

This setting is identical to the Out setting in the 100 Quick start menu.

### 8.4404 - Capacitor Contactor Switching Counter

Each time a contactor switches it will be shown on the display. By scrolling through the steps $1 . . . . . .14$ you can see the number of switching operations of each contactor. The number of operations recorded can be deleted in menu 602. A very useful record for the service engineer.

### 9.0 MENU 500 - ALARMS

In the case of Alarm, the display will flash alternately :
The display will show one of the following alarms:


To cancel any alarm except SPL/-- \& OPC/-- press the escape key $\boldsymbol{\triangleleft}$ and hold for 10 secs. If the alarm re-appears it means the alarm is still present. In the case of SPL/-- \& OPC/-- go menu 602 ., change NO to YES and enter ., display changes back to NO but alarm will only reappear if the fault is still there. Note this will reset the menu 404 to zero (number of times each contactor has switched)

| U | Measured voltage outside <br> \% tolerance set in menu <br> 204 | thi | The second ambient temp <br> set in menu 514 has been <br> exceeded. Sequential <br> switching off of steps to <br> bring ambient temp down <br> will commence |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I Lo | Measured current below <br> $15 m A . C h e c k ~ f o r ~ o p e n ~$ <br> circuit or short circuited <br> CT, or insufficient load | OPH | The limit set for operating <br> hours between servicing <br> has been reached. Call the <br> service engr. |
| I Hi | Measured current too <br> high. CT saturated and <br> inaccurate | OPC/-- | The limit set in menu 508 <br> for number of switching <br> operations for contactor <br> indicated has been <br> reached. Default=80,000 |
| HAr | 5\% harmonic voltage <br> distortion exceeded.., or <br> setting put in menu 503. If <br> reactors fitted this <br> \%setting can be increased | PFC | Target Cosphi not <br> reached. More capacitors <br> needed or need <br> replacing,. |
| StP /-- | The step indicated is <br> faulty. Check fuses <br> contactor, capacitor on <br> that step | Ai/Abrt | Automatic Start Up ( self <br> commissioning) aborted. |
| SPL /-- | The step indicated has lost <br> more than 30\% of its <br> initial kvar value when <br> first commissioned |  |  |

## Alarm settings

### 9.1501 Alarm Storage

YES - Alarm display must be reset by hand
NO - Alarm display will disappear once the problem has gone away
Default setting : NO

### 9.2502 - THD Alarm

YES - open the alarm contacts when the pre-set THD threshold is exceeded
( see 503) The display will show : HAr alarm
NO- Exceeded values of the THD setting will not be reported as an alarm
Default setting : NO

### 9.3503 - Threshold THD

The threshold setting value for THD- Voltage - can be set
Default setting 20\%

### 9.4504 - Disconnect capacitors when THD above threshold limit

YES - If the THD is above the threshold the capacitor steps will be switched out one after the other
NO - No action will be taken if the THD is above the threshold
Default setting NO

### 9.5505 - Delay time of THD Alarm

Delay of the alarm in the event of a short time excess of THD
Default setting : 60 secs.

### 9.6506 - Freeze Exit Relays when $\mathrm{I}==0$

YES - If the CT current falls below 15mA., all active steps will remain in circuit NO - If the CT current falls below 15 mA .,all active steps will be switched off. Default setting : NO
0.
9.7507 - Service Alarm

YES - The alarm contact opens when the Max number of programmed switching operations has been reached on any contactor or when the Max number of hours since the last service has been reached
NO - The alarm remains closed when the Max number of programmed switching operations has been reached on any contactor or when the Max number of hours since the last service has been reached
Settings - see 508
Default setting: NO
9.8 508-Alarm setting threshold for number of switching operations of any one contactor The same threshold setting applies to all steps
Default setting : 65,500 operations. Alarm Display: OPC ALARM

### 9.9509 - Max Operating Hours of the CXPLUS

This allows an alarm to be given when the installation has not been serviced after the pre-set time. Default Setting for relays made in the UK : 9000 hours ( 1.02 years ).
Alarm Display: OPH alarm

### 9.10510 - Temperature Sensor as Digital Input.

YES - The the temperature sensor CONTACT ( T1-T2) is used to switch over the target pf from Cosphi 1 to Cosphi 2 for example for high tariff and low tariff requirements - see 302-3.
This is not applicable generally in the UK. On the continent some power companies do not charge for reactive energy after midnight and in this case it makes sense to have a night time p.f. Target lower than the day time pf so as to prolong the life of the capacitors and reduce capacitor watt losses

NO- The temperature sensor operates with an externally plugged in sensor to monitor the temperature threshold set in $512 / 3$. If a thermostat is connected ., then the display will show HIGH ( alarm contact open ) or LOW ( alarm contact closed.)
Default Setting: NO.
Note this menu is locked against 512 . If 512 is set to YES this point will jump to NO and cannot be altered. The NO setting works with plug-in temp.sensors, which we can supplyas optional extra

### 9.11511 - Digital Input active with High Signal

YES - Temperature sensor digital input T1-T2 n/o contact
NO - Temperature sensor digital input T1-T2 n/c contact
Default setting : NO

### 9.12512 - Temperature Alarm

YES - The relay monitors temperature alarm 1+2
NO - Alarm disabled
Default setting : NO

### 9.13513 - Temperature Threshold 1 - Fan Start Up Contact

Default setting $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ - when this temperature is rea ched the exit relay nominated as alarm will close, in order to start up the cubicle ventilation.

### 9.14514 - Temperature Threshold 2 -coming into circuit Switch off Capacitors

Default setting $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ - When this temperature is rea ched the relay will switch all steps off one after the other. Alarm Display : thi aLARM

### 9.15 515- Failure to reach Target Cosphi

YES - If the relay fails to reach the target power factor after $75 \times$ step switch time
( 'St' in start up menu ) the designated alarm contact will close and the failure will be reported in the display. The display will show : PFC aLARM/FLTY ALARM (IN STEP DISPLAY)
NO - Under compensation alarm switched off
Default setting -NO
9.16516 - Defective switching step Alarm

YES - After three attempts if the relay does not sense sufficient reactive kvar coming into circuit , the alarm contact is opened and the failure is shown in the display. All defective steps will be shown in the display. The display will show : St EP ALARM
NO - Alarm disabled
Default setting: NO

### 9.17517 - Step Power Loss Alarm

YES - If the output of any step fall to less than $50 \%$ of its initially recorded value, the alarm contact opens and an indication is shown in the display.
The display will be : SPL ALARM in the display for each step you will see, for Step 11 for example 11 ALARM
NO - The alarm contact is disabled
Default setting : YES

### 10.7 600-RESET MENU

### 10.1601-Reset All Settings to factory Default Setting

YES - Resets all settings to the factory default setting - including discharge time ( 401) - see default settings in 13.0
10.2602 - Reset Step Data Memory

YES - Resets all recorded data ( number of switchings of each contactor.(404), kvar size of each step (402)

### 10.3603 - Reset Operating Hours Memory

ES -Resets Oph to zero as shown in the main display.
10.4604 - Reset Average PF

YES - Resets average PF recorded to date

### 10.5605 - Reset Max Temperature

YES - Resets the highest recorded temperature back to current ambient temperature
$10.8 \mathbf{6 0 6}$ - Reset Alarm
YES - Cancels all current alarm indications.

### 7.0 DEFAULT SETTINGS - AND WHAT EACH MENU DOES

| Default |  |  |  | Default |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Un | 415 | Set L-L system volts | PFC | ON | Selects whether steps are on AUTO-HOLD-ON-OFF |
| t | 1 | Set CT ratio :1 | CPI | 1 | Target Cosphi |
| Pt | 1 | Set VT ratio :1 | St | 10 S | Switching Time |
| Ai | NO | Automatic Initialisation?YES/NO | OUt | AUTO | Selects what each output does. AUTO-Fon-Foff-AL( starts up ventilation fan ) |
|  |  | Expert Menus 200-600 To get into these please call your supplier |  |  |  |
| 200 |  | MEASURING | 400 |  | CAPACITOR DATABASE |
| 201 | 415 | Sets system Voltage Level Un ( repeat of Un in Menu 100) | 401 | 75 secs | Set discharge time to prevent re-energisation on quick switching sequence |
| 202 | 1 | Sets CT ratio:1 (repeat of Menu 100) | 402 | $\begin{gathered} 5 \mathrm{var} \\ (1 . \mathrm{max}) \end{gathered}$ | Manual entry of kvar values per step |
| 203 | 1 | Set VT ratio:1 (repeat of Menu 100) | 403 | AUTO <br> All steps | Select what each output does Same as Out setting in 100 menu |
| 204 | 10\% | Tolerance \% of Un Voltage Setting | 404 | 0 | Step switch counter <br> Initial value 0 increases with each switching |
| 205 | YES | Select L-L or L-N as measurement voltage | 500 |  | ALARMS |
| 206 | 90응 | Select Phase Angle U-I | 501 | YES | Select if alarm display is cancelled when fault cleared or not |
| 207 | NO | Ai ( Automatic Initialisation) start | 502 | YES | THD Alarm setting YES = on NO =off |
| 208 | NO | Activate Step kvar Recognition | 503 | 5\% | \% setting for THD alarm if on |
| 209 | AUTO | Frequency setting for low quality networks | 504 | NO | Select if steps are switched off if THDU above target level |
| 210 | Oo¢ | Temp setting offset | 505 | 60 secs | Select time delay of THDU alarm |
|  |  |  | 506 | NO | Freeze exits if no CT current |
| 300 |  | CONTROL | 507 | YES | YES=Service alarm operates when max operating hours or switchings on any step is reached. |
| 301 | 60\% | \% value of kvar for step switching. | 508 | 80,000 | Set No. of contactor operations for Alarm |
| 302 | 1.00 | Target PF 1 | 509 | 9,000 | Set No. of operating Hours for Alarm |
| 303 | 0.95i | Target PF 2 | 510 | NO | Temperature sensor is set to monitor temp and show it in the LCD Display. |
| 304 | NO | Target PF when exporting | 511 | NO | Select if Digital input is $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{c}$ or $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{o}$ |
| 305 | 10 S | Switch Time per step in seconds | 512 | NO | Temp. Alarms 513/514 ON/OFF |
| 306 | 2 S | Step switch swap over time | 513 | 30응 | Temp Setting for exit relay nominated as fan control |
| 307 | YES | Activation of Step swap over | 514 | 70읃 | Emergency switch off of steps one by one if temp exceeds target setting - default $=700^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 308 | NO | Stop Automatic kvar step detection | 515 | NO | Target Cosphi setting |
| 309 | YES | Blocking defective Capacitor Steps | 516 | YES | YES= Alarm for defective step if no step kvar output after 3 attempts |
| 310 | ON | AUTO-OFF-HOLD setting | 517 | YES | Step power loss alarm |
| 311 | 1 | Selection of switching sequence. <br> 1=Auto.,2=Last in first <br> out,3=Kombifilter ,4=Progressive | 600 |  | ALARM RESETS |
| 312 | 0 | Reactive kvar offset | 601 | NO | All alarms back to factory default |
| 313 | 1 | Assymetrical Switching fast in slow out etc. | 602 | NO | Resets all recorded data of kvar per step+kvar output of each step. Also resets 404 (contactor switchings) to zero |
| 314 | NO | Switch off steps if cosphi is leading. Used for aux.generators | 603 | NO | Resets Operating Hours to zero |
|  |  |  | 604 | NO | Resets Average PF |
|  |  |  | 605 | NO | Rests Highest Ambient Temp |
|  |  |  | 606 | NO | Reset all alarms |
|  |  |  | 607 | NO | Displays software version |
|  |  |  | 608 | NO | Gives password |

11.0 - TROUBLE SHOOTING

| FAULT | POSSIBLE CAUSE | SUGGESTED REMEDY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No indication in the display | No power supply to terminals UM1-UM2 | Check for voltage in the range $90-550 \mathrm{v} 50 / 60 \mathrm{hz}$ on these terminals |
| Display shows $U$ ALARM | Power supply is outside voltage tolerance setting. | Check the setting entered on menu 201 and 204 |
| Display shows I LO | Measured Current is below 15 mA | Check CT circuit. Are summated CT's in opposition? Has short circuit link been removed ? is CT circuit broken? |
| Display shows wrong value of Voltage or Current | Incorrect CT or VT ratio has been submitted | Check settings of VT and CT. Remember the settings are $: 1$ so a $1000 / 5 \mathrm{CT}=$ setting of 200 |
| Display shows wrong value of Power Factor | Capacitor Step Size has not been recognised, or phase angle setting has been wrongly entered in 206 | Start Ai in the set up menu, Check the setting of phase angle in 206 and rectify if necessary |
| Power factor does not improve after stepping steps in. Steps won't switch out | CT in wrong position - see notes 1.2 of these operating instructions. | Check position of CT ensure it is measuring total current including capacitor current and if split core make sure the gap is fully closed up. |
| Display shows I Hi ALARM | Output from CT is too high - above 5 amps. | Check the CT ratio selected. Change if necessary |
| Display shows PFC ALARM | Continuous over compensation or continuous under compensation | Check the capacitors and contactors. <br> Contactor could be welded in. Check that steps are not in the FON setting <br> ( PFC /Out in menu 100 ) <br> Is the kvar supplied sufficient for the reactive demand? If not under compensation will be reported |
| Display Shows Leading Cosphi....c <br> When you know there is lagging load | Voltage or current connections wrong way around. <br> Phase angle incorrectly entered (206) | Switch off and swap over Um1 and Um2 (This is better than swapping over the CT connections since voltage surges form open circuit CT are avoided) <br> If necessary check settings of 206 |
| Certain steps don't switch in or out | Wrong selection on the OUt menu | Check to see if some steps have been set as FON or FOFF ( permanently on or off ) instead of AUTO |
| Steps are shown as defect., FLTY. | Capacitor step faulty or fuse or contactor has failed | Check capacitor current with clamp on power meter, and compare with rated current are fuses and contactor operating correctly? Replace as required. |
| Steps won't ever switch in, but there is nothing wrong with them | Capacitor step sizes are too big. | Provide more steps of lower kvar per step |
| EXPORT shows in the display but there is no export. | CT reversed | Swap over Um1 /Um2 to correct. Alt the Ai feature has caused this to show. Defeat Ai by setting 208=NO |

### 1.0 SETTINGS ON PFC RELAY INSTALLED:

Relay Serial Number ( marked on back of the CXPLUS)

| Menu | Factory default setting | This <br> relay <br> setting <br> if <br> different | Menu | Factory default setting | This relay setting if different |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 |  |  | 400 |  |  |
| Un | 415 v |  | 401 | 75 SECS |  |
| Ct | 1 |  | 402 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { var } \\ & \text { ( } 1 \ldots \text { max) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Pt | 1 |  | 403 | AUTO for all steps |  |
| Ai | NO |  | 404 | 0 for all steps |  |
| PFC | ON |  | 500 |  |  |
| CPI | 1 |  | 501 | NO |  |
| St | 10 SECS. |  | 502 | NO |  |
| OUt | AUTO for all steps. |  | 503 | 20\% |  |
| 200 |  |  | 504 | NO |  |
| 201 | 415 v |  | 505 | 60 SECS |  |
| 202 | 1 |  | 506 | NO |  |
| 203 | 1 |  | 507 | YES |  |
| 204 | 10\% |  | 508 | 80k |  |
| 205 | NO |  | 509 | 9 K |  |
| 206 | Automatic change over When Um1-Um 2 is same as Un. Default =90 When Um1-Um 2 is phase - neutral voltage Default $=0$ |  | 510 | NO |  |
| 207 | NO |  | 511 | NO |  |
| 208 | YES |  | 512 | NO |  |
| 209 | AUTO |  | 513 | $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| 210 | 0 |  | 514 | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| 300 |  |  | 515 | NO |  |
| 301 | 60\% |  | 516 | YES |  |
| 302 | 1 |  | 517 | YES |  |
| 303 | $0.95 i$ |  | 600 |  |  |
| 304 | NO |  | 601 | NO |  |
| 305 | 10 SECS |  | 602 | NO |  |
| 306 | 2 SECS |  | 603 | NO |  |
| 307 | NO |  | 604 | NO |  |
| 308 | NO |  | 605 | NO |  |
| 309 | YES |  | 606 | NO |  |
| 310 | ON |  |  |  |  |
| 311 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 312 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 313 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 314 | NO |  |  |  |  |

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### 14.0 TECHNICAL DATA

| Measurement and <br> Supply Voltage | $90-550 \mathrm{~V}$ 45- 65hz 5VA max. Fused to Max. 6A <br> VT multiplication factor adjustable 1......350 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Current Measurement | 15 mA ..... 6A single phase. Internal CT with Current Sensor 20 <br> milliohm. CT multiplication factor adjustable 1......4500 |
| Exit relay Ratings | Max rating at 240v 50/60 hz phase-neutral Contactor coils 6A inrush <br> Max rating 415 50/60 hz phase-phase Contactor Coils 2.5A inrush |
| Temperature <br> measurement | By varistor or thermocouple |
| Alarm Contact | Volt free relay normally closed (N/C). Max fuse rating 2A., Switch <br> contact 250V 2.5A |
| Air Ventilation Control | Achieved by designating one of the exit relays as ventilation fan contact |
| Data Output | BSTO software by TTL on back of relay |$|$| Operating Temperature | -20+70C. Storage -40+85C |
| :--- | :--- |
| Humidity | $0-95 \%$ - Dew droplets not permitted. |
| Over Voltage Category | II Pollution Degree 3 (DIN VDE 0110 Part 1 / IEC 60664-1) |
| Standards Complied <br> with | DIN VDE 0110 part 1 IEC 60664-1:1992 <br> VDE 0411 part 1 (DIN EN 61010-1 /IEC 61010-1:2001 <br> VDE 0843 Part 20 <br> DIN EN 61326/IEC 61326: 1997+A1: 1998+ A2:2000 |
| Conformity Listings | CE - UL - cUL |
| Connections | Screw Terminals with plug in connectors to facilitate easy swap overs |
| Casing | Front Plastic Facia (UL94-VO)., Rear - Metal case. |
| IP Ratings | Front : IP50 - IP54 if transparent over cover fitted <br> Rear: IP20 |
| Weight | 0.60 g Approx |
| Dimensions | $144 \times 144 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ - Cut Out 138 (+0.5) x 138 (+0.5) mm |

